

Extension of Automatic Flow Charting Capabilities

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A new macro generation facility within the AUTOFLOW II flow charting system was used to process assembly language programs for the MODCOMP II computer. This article describes the nature of this new facility and how it was used, as well as describing other capabilities for automatic flow charting.

In its search for tools to aid in auditing DSN software, the Software Quality Assurance Group has made use of graphic macro facilities within AUTOFLOW II¹ to enable automatic flow charting of assembly language source programs for the MODCOMP II² computer used in the Deep Space Network.

This facility in AUTOFLOW II is known as *macro definition*. It permits the representation of the individual instructions of a target computer (in this case, the MODCOMP II) in terms of flow chart symbols with

accompanying text information. A group of macro definition statements is used to express an instruction and each time that instruction occurs:

- (1) The type and number of flow chart symbols for that instruction are generated.
- (2) The text associated with each symbol is generated, including literal expressions and indicated parts of the source instructions.
- (3) In the case of decision, branch, and subroutine symbols, the location of the field which specifies the destination data is given.
- (4) For decision symbols, the in-line and out-of-line path labels are supplied.

Over 500 lines of macro definition statements were used to form 236 macro definitions of assembler directives and instructions for the MODCOMP assembler with some of the macro assembler features added. Twenty-three of the macro definitions were for assembler directives. Twenty-seven of the remaining 213 macro definitions were for

¹AUTOFLOW II is a program product of Applied Data Research, Inc., Princeton, New Jersey. There are many modules in AUTOFLOW II. One module, the chart/assembly module, accepts programs written in IBM 360/370 assembly language and automatically provides flow charts and analytical listings which make the structure of the program clearer. This system has been installed on the IBM 360/75 since early 1973.

²The MODCOMP II computer is a product of Modular Computer Systems, Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

separate definitions of those instructions (indicated in MODCOMP code by an asterisk as the last character of the operation) where the memory reference was indirect. In addition, a group of specific MODCOMP executive service macros was defined.

A simple and conventional approach to graphic macro definition would have been to select the appropriate boxes and merely repeat the source coding along with the comment. It was our desire to provide a type of documentation suitable even for one not reasonably familiar with MODCOMP coding. In an effort to do this, we have expressed the instructions in a combination of English, logical, and program language-related symbolic notation. This enables a new reader to understand the operations more easily without knowing the many details of addressing modes. A certain lack of flexibility in the macro definition feature may cause pairs of parentheses to appear with null contents. This serves to indicate non-use of indexing where potentially available.

Where an assembler itself offers macro capabilities, it is possible to provide parallel AUTOFLOW macro definitions, depending on the complexity of the assembler macros used. This was done by Quality Assurance in the case of the Communication Buffer and Quad Standard Interface Adaptor (SIA) Test Program, part of which is shown as a sample. Part of the macro definitions, source code, and chart output are illustrated in Figs. 1, 2, and 3.

Normally, the parallel AUTOFLOW macro definitions would be prepared to the general standard used for the original assembler macros.

In addition to handling 360/370 assembly language programs, AUTOFLOW II also has additional capabilities. AUTOFLOW has a built-in facility known as chart code. It is unrelated to any programming language, but is a vehicle for indicating the structure of the program at a design level. AUTOFLOW can also handle assembly language programs for a number of other computers and a variety of languages, such as PL/1, COBOL, JCL. Some of these are options which may be delivered with the basic AUTOFLOW II, while others are preprocessors which dovetail with AUTOFLOW or produce output that may be input to AUTOFLOW.

The status of other AUTOFLOW activities is as follows:

- (1) The current options in extensive use are FORTRAN and XDS Sigma Assembly Language.
- (2) The installed preprocessors are SDS 920, UNIVAC 1108, and CDC 3100.
- (3) Other preprocessors (which use the macro definition facility) are for the INTERDATA 4 and INTERDATA 70.
- (4) Other uses have been examined and it is possible to automatically chart assembly code for the PDP-8, NOVA, MAC-16, and PDP-11.

Bibliography

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INPUT LISTING		AUTOFLOW CHART SET - MODCOMP TEST PROGS (SCQ.HND.ERP.TIM)	
CARD NO	CONTENTS	***	
222 * MDEF IF INC			
223 * MDEF INS	*D IF 1	*D INC	
224 * MDEF INT.EN,D1/OP(ALL) /	*D INS	*D INT 1	
225 * MDEF ISA,I /	*D ISA 1	*D INT 1	
226 * CON /'INPUT STATUS FROM DEVICE',Q(2), 'TO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*DISA 2	*DISA 2	
227 * MDEF ISB,I /	*DISB 1	*DISB 1	
228 * CON /'INPUT STATUS FROM DEVICE',Q(2), 'TO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*DISC 2	*DISC 2	
229 * MDEF ISC,I /	*DISC 1	*DISC 1	
230 * CON /'INPUT STATUS FROM DEVICE',Q(2), 'TO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*DISC 2	*DISC 2	
231 * MDEF ISD,I /	*DISD 1	*DISD 1	
232 * CON /'INPUT STATUS FROM DEVICE',Q(2), 'TO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*DISD 2	*DISD 2	
233 * MDEF LAD,P /	*D LAD 1	*D LAD 1	
234 * CON /'SHIFT LT.ARITH DBL REG.',Q(1),OP(ALL),C/	*D LAD 2	*D LAD 2	
235 * MDEF LAS,P /	*D LAS 1	*D LAS 1	
236 * CON /'SHIFT LT.AR.SNGL REG.',Q(1),Q(2),BITS:,OP(ALL),C/	*D LAS 2	*D LAS 2	
237 * MDEF LBR,P /	*D LBR 1	*D LBR 1	
238 * CON /'LOAD BIT',Q(2),'INTO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*D LBR 2	*D LBR 2	
239 * MDEF LBRB,P /	*D LBRB 1	*D LBRB 1	
240 * CON /'LOAD BIT',Q(2),'INTO REG.',Q(1),':',C/	*D LBRB 2	*D LBRB 2	
241 * IBID B,DI/OP(1)/	*D LBRB 3	*D LBRB 3	
242 * CON /OP(1)/	*D LBRB 4	*D LBRB 4	
243 * MDEF LBX,P /	*D LBX 1	*D LBX 1	
244 * CON /'LOAD BYTE INTO REG.',Q(1),'PER REG.',Q(2),':',OP(ALL),C/	*D LBX 2	*D LBX 2	
245 * MDEF LD1,P /	*D LD1 1	*D LD1 1	
246 * CON /'LOAD',OP(1),'INTO REG.',Q(1),':',C/	*D LD1 2	*D LD1 2	
247 * MDEF LDm,P /	*D LDm 1	*D LDm 1	
248 * CON /'LOAD REG.',Q(1),'WITH ('.OP(1).+(REG.',Q(2),')):',C/	*D LDm 2	*D LDm 2	
249 * MDEF LDm+,P /	*D LDm+ 1	*D LDm+ 1	
250 * CON /'LOAD REG.',Q(1),'WITH (('.OP(1).+(REG.',Q(2),'))):',C/	*D LDm+ 2	*D LDm+ 2	
251 * MDEF LDS,P /	*D LDS 1	*D LDS 1	
252 * CON /'LOAD REG.',Q(1),'WITH ((R1)+'.Q(2)):',OP(ALL),C/	*D LDS 2	*D LDS 2	
253 * MDEF LDX,P /	*D LDX 1	*D LDX 1	
254 * CON /'LOAD REG.',Q(1),'FROM ((REG.',Q(2),')):',OP(ALL),C/	*D LDX 2	*D LDX 2	
255 * MDEF LFM,P /	*D LFM 1	*D LFM 1	
256 * CON /'LOAD FILE TO REG',Q(1),'ETC FROM',OP(1),'+(.Q(2),)':',C/	*D LFM 2	*D LFM 2	
257 * MDEF LFM,P /	*D LFM 1	*D LFM 1	
258 * CON /'LOAD FILE TO REG',Q(1),'ETC FROM',OP(1),'+(.Q(2),)':',C/	*D LFM 2	*D LFM 2	
259 * MDEF LFS,P /	*D LFS 1	*D LFS 1	
260 * CON /'LOAD FILE TO REG',Q(1),'ETC FROM',OP(1),'+(.Q(2),)':',C/	*D LFS 2	*D LFS 2	
261 * MDEF LFx,P /	*D LFx 1	*D LFx 1	
262 * CON /'LOAD FILE TO RG.',Q(1),'ETC FRM ((RG.',Q(2),')):',OP(ALL),C/	*DLFX 2	*DLFX 2	
263 * MDEF LLD,P /	*D LLD 1	*D LLD 1	
264 * CON /'SHIFT LEFT LOG DBL REG',Q(1),Q(2),BITS:,OP(ALL),C/	*D LLD 2	*D LLD 2	
265 * MDEF LLS,P /	*D LLS 1	*D LLS 1	
266 * CON /'SHIFT LEFT LOGIC REG',Q(1),Q(2),BITS:,OP(ALL),C/	*D LLS 2	*D LLS 2	
267 * MDEF LRS,P /	*D LRS 1	*D LRS 1	
268 * CON /'LEFT ROTATE REG.',Q(2),'INTO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*D LRS 2	*D LRS 2	
269 * MDEF LST /	*D LST	*D LST	
270 * MDEF MAC /	*D MAC	*D MAC	
271 * MDEF MBL,P /	*D MBL 1	*D MBL 1	
272 * CON /'MOVE BYTE LEFT FROM REG.',Q(2),'TO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*DMBL 2	*DMBL 2	
273 * MDEF MBR,P /	*D MBR 1	*D MBR 1	
274 * CON /'MOVE BYTE RIGT FROM REG.',Q(2),'TO REG.',Q(1),':',OP(ALL),C/	*DMBR 2	*DMBR 2	
275 * MDEF MLR,P /	*D MLR 1	*D MLR 1	

Fig. 1. Part of macro definition statements for MODCOMP instructions

1397	LDI ,R2	#4020	PICK UP OCX INSTRUCTION	HND04110
1398	ORS ,R2,0	M3COND	ADD GROUP AND UNIT NUMBERS	HND04120
1399	STM ,R2	M3WRIT	STORE CCX INSTR IN CONDITIONING	HND04130
1400	LDS ,R2,5		AND WRITE MODE INSTRUCTIONS	HND04140
1401	MLR ,R2,R2		PICK UP IOS AND FUNCTION CODE	HND04150
1402	ORI ,R2	#0100	ZERO I/O STATE	HND04160
1403	STS ,R2,5		SET I/C STATE TO 1 WRITING MODE	HND04170
1404	BLW ,R14		HND04180	
1405	LDI ,R2	#4000	SET TIMER	HND04190
1406	M3COND	OCB ,R2,0	PICK UP CONDITIONING COMMAND	HND04200
1407	LDI ,R2	#D000	OUTPUT CONDITIONING COMMAND	HND04210
1408	OCS ,R2,0		PICK UP TI COMMAND	HND04220
1409	M3WRIT	BRU	OUTPUT TI COMMAND	HND04230
1410	EUT	DQINT	DEQUEUE NEXT INTERRUPT	HND04240
1411	M3TERM	BLW ,R14	CHECK STATUS	HND04250
1412	LDI ,R2,5		PICK UP I/O STATE	HND04260
1413	MBR ,R2		HND04270	
1414	CRME ,R2		HND04280	
1415	CRMB ,R2	ONE ,M3CKSM	IF IOS = 1 GO CHECK SIMUL I/O	HND04290
1416	CRMB ,R2	M3HLT	IF IOS = 3 GO SET MEMORY READ	HND04300
1417	CRMB ,R2	THREE ,M3STRD	IF IOS = 4 GO BEGIN AGAIN	HND04310
1418	M3HLT	FOUR ,M3BEGN	INVALID I/O STATE	HND04320
1419	M3CKSM	M3ST3	IF SIMUL I/O NOT SET GO READ MEM	HND04330
1420	BRU	SIMUL	GO PROCESS SIMULTANEOUS I/O	HND04340
1421	LDI ,R2	#FFFF8	PICK UP LENGTH OF 8 WORDS	HND04350
1422	STM* ,R2,R1	1	STORE IN TC LOCATION	HND04360
1423	LDI ,R2	16	PICK UP LENGTH OF 16 BYTES	HND04370
1424	STS ,R2,3		STORE IN TABLE	HND04380
1425	LDI ,R2	M3BUF	PICK UP ADDR OF MEMORY BUFFER	HND04390
1426	STM* ,R2,R1	2	STORE IN TA LOCATION	HND04400
1427	STS ,R2,4		STORE IN TABLE	HND04410
1428	LDI ,R2	#4020	PICK UP OCX INSTRUCTION	HND04420
1429	ORS ,R2,0	M3READ	ADD GROUP AND UNIT NUMBERS	HND04430
1430	STM ,R2		STORE CCX IN READ INSTRUCTION	HND04440
1431	LDS ,R2,5		PICK UP IOS AND FUNCTION CODE	HND04450
1432	MLR ,R2,R2		ZERO I/O STATE	HND04460
1433	ORI ,R2	#0300	SET I/O STATE TO 3 READING MEM	HND04470
1434	STS ,R2,5		HND04480	
1435	BLW ,R14	SETIME	HND04490	
1436	LDI ,R2	#D800	PICK UP TI COMMAND	HND04500
1437	M3READ	BRU	OUTPUT TI COMMAND	HND04510
1438	BLW ,R2,0	DQINT	DEQUEUE NEXT INTERRUPT	HND04520
1439	M3STRD	LDI ,R2,4	SET INDICATOR FOR MEMORY PRINT	HND04530
1440	STS ,R2,15		STORE BUFFER ADDR IN TABLE	HND04540
1441	LDS ,R2,5		PICK UP IOS AND FUNCTION CODE	HND04550
1442	MLR ,R2,R2		ZERO I/O STATE	HND04560
1443	CRJ ,R2	#0200	SET IOS TO 2 WAITING	HND04570
1444	STS ,R2,5		HND04580	
1445	BLW ,R14	DELAY	GO SET DELAY TIMER	HND04590
1446	BRU	DQINT	GO DEQUEUE NEXT INTERRUPT	HND04600
1447	EUT		PICK UP IOS AND FUNCTION CODE	HND04610
1448	M3TIME	LDI ,R2,5	ZERO FUNCTION CODE	HND04620
1449	MBR ,R2,R2		FOUR ,M3TIMO,M3CHK3	HND04630
1450	CRMB ,R2		IF ICS = 4 GO ABORT AND START	HND04640
1451	M3CHK3	THREE ,M3TIMO,M3CK2	IF ICS = 3 GO ABORT & START	HND04650
1452	M3CK2	TWO ,M3BEGN,M3CK1	IF IOS = 2 GO START AGAIN	HND04660
1453	M3CK1	ONE ,M3TIMO,M3HLT	IF IOS = 1 GO ABORT & START	HND04670

Fig. 2. Part of sample source program

CHART TITLE - I/O HANDLER MODULES FOR TEST PROGRAM

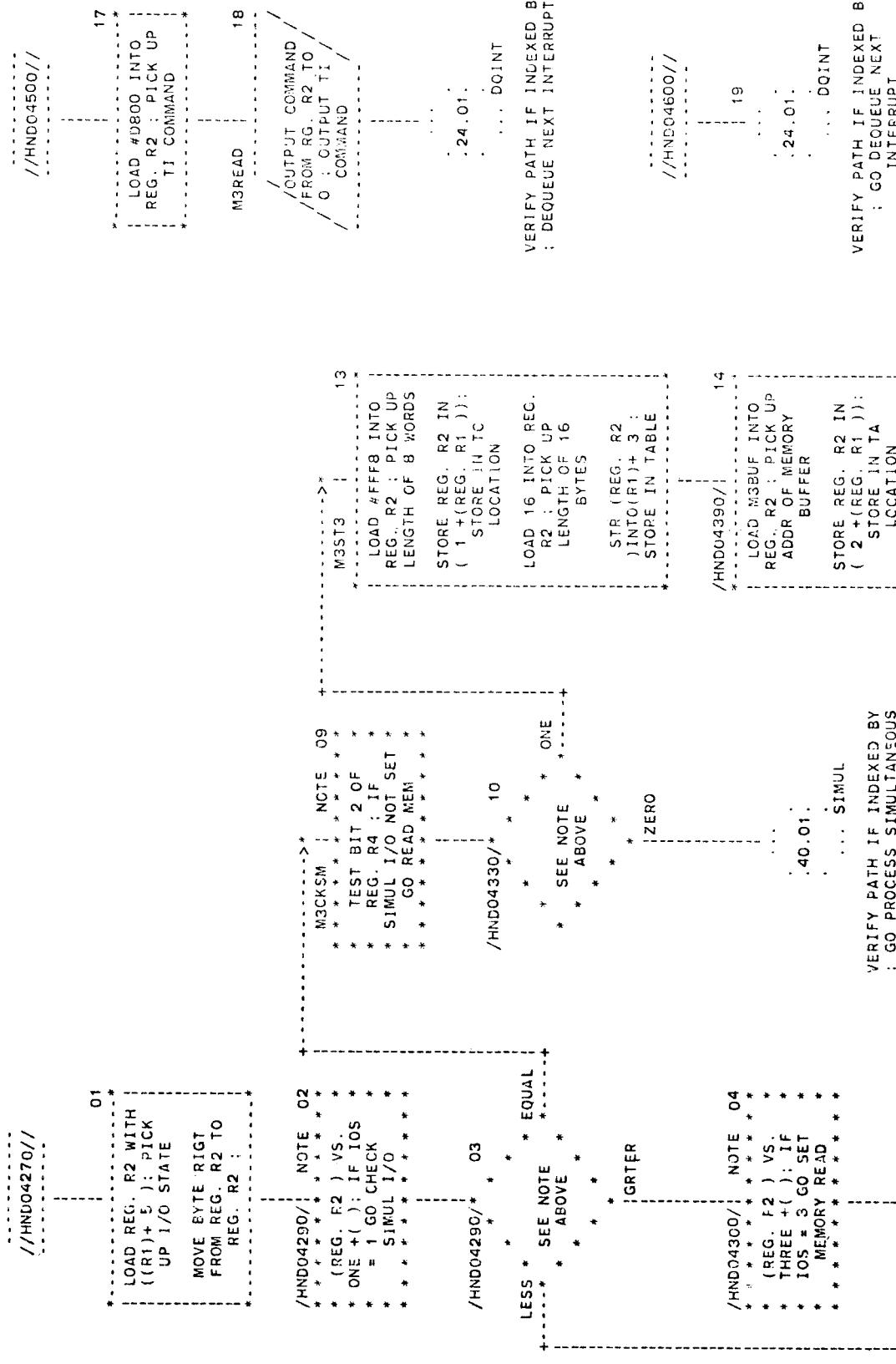


Fig. 3. Part of generated flow chart corresponding to sample in Fig. 2